

Paul H. Dobiecki Architect PLLC

764 Vanderbilt Parkway
Dix Hills, New York 11746
Office 1.631.499.0971
Fax 1.631.499.0979
E-mail HSDArchpc1@aol.com

Why hire a Architect

If you're like most homeowners, you probably dream of one day completing a major home-remodeling project. This is *the* once-in-a-lifetime renovation — the kind of project that dramatically changes how you live, energizes the entire household and makes all the neighbors really jealous.

Perhaps your dream is to build a two-story addition with a family room below and a master bedroom and bath above. Or maybe you've always wanted to expand the kitchen and install French doors leading to a wraparound deck. Regardless of what your dream entails, all major remodeling projects can benefit from the expert design help of an experienced, licensed architect.

I know what you're thinking: Architects are way too expensive and only necessary when building multimillion-dollar homes — and the current economic roller coaster isn't helping any. The truth is, architects are well worth the extra cost on large remodeling jobs because with thoughtful evaluation and design, they can meet — and often exceed — your expectations. In fact, depending on the size or complexity of the remodeling, calling in an architect might be the only way to get the project off the ground, and to ensure your dream comes true. Here's why you should consider taking the plunge if you're gung-ho about a large-scale remodel of your house.

1. To see the big picture

An architect has the training and skill to produce a detailed design based on your particular needs and desires — a design that's sensitive to the architecture of your existing home and scaled to the proper proportions. However, what truly makes an architect valuable is the ability to develop and refine a vision of the completed project that you can see and understand. And architects are experts at seeing not only the big picture, but also the hundreds of tiny steps between concept and completion.

After the initial consultation, and once you and the architect have defined the scope, features, purpose and functionality of the project, the architect will develop a set of preliminary drawings, sometimes called schematics. These drawings are just the first of many that you should expect to see.

"It's important for the architect to spell out in advance what each set of drawings will include. Don't be concerned if the preliminary drawings seem lacking, because each subsequent set will contain more and more detail, including written specifications. In fact, you should ask the architect to show you a final set of drawings from a recently completed job, just to give you an idea of what to expect at the end of the design phase.

2. To handle the paperwork

When most of us think of an architect-designed project, we envision the aesthetics of the building: its size, shape and finished surfaces. But behind the pretty face are the bones of the building. It's the architect's job to design the project to satisfy building codes and meet specific structural demands. And striking that balance between aesthetic beauty and structural safety is no easy feat — it requires a vast knowledge of various building materials and construction techniques. Hiring a pro makes sure your renovation plays by the rules.

Architects can also prepare the documentation necessary to acquire all the various building permits. And those services can ultimately save you time and money.

3. To hire the muscle

No one understands the design of your project better than the architect, which is why he or she is the perfect person to coordinate the various construction professionals before the work starts in earnest. For example, an architect will meet with structural engineers or HVAC mechanics prior to construction to discuss the design, answer questions and ensure everyone knows their job.

The architects' plans make all the difference in translating your dreams to the details a contractor needs. If a problem should arise, which often happens, the plans will act as a record of what should have been done, and the architect will find a solution without compromising the design, your needs or your wallet.

4. To oversee the job

Once the design phase is completed, you can decide how involved the architect is in the actual day-to-day construction of the project — if at all. You can hire an architect just to design the project and create all the necessary drawings, and that's it. He or she then has no further involvement. However, for an additional fee, some architects will manage the project by hiring subcontractors, establishing the work schedule and confirming that all work is done properly and according to the final plan.

Another common practice is called contract administration. When you hire an Architect for the Construction Administration the architect will check in on the construction from time to time to answer questions and ascertain if work is adhering to the intent of the design.